Self Assembly of Ultrahydrophobic "Teflon®-Mimicking" Fluorinated (Polyhedral Oligomeric Silsesquioxanes) POSS Nano Columns

14th European Symposium on Fluorine Chemistry, Poznañ (Poland) July 15, 2004

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Coworkers & Collaborators



Dr. Brent Viers

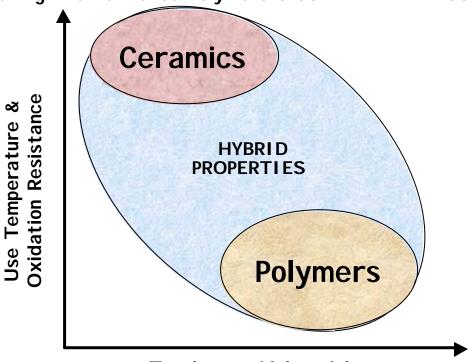
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Dr. Joseph Reibenspies (Texas A&M University) Dr. Charles Campana (Bruker AXS) Prof. Katerine Kantardjeff (California State University, Fullerton)

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Air Force Office of Scientific Research
Air Force Research Laboratory, Propulsion Directorate



Goal: Develop High Performance Polymers that REDEFINE material properties



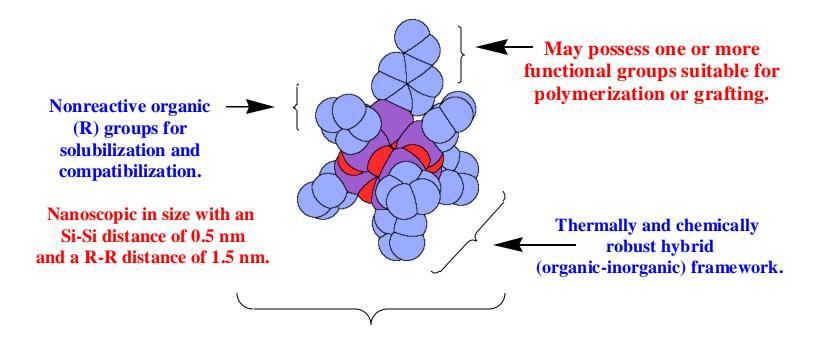
Toughness, Lightweight & Ease of Processing

·Hybrid plastics bridge the differences between ceramics and polymers



Anatomy of a POSS Nanostructure



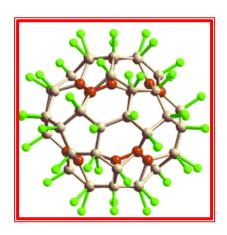


Precise three-dimensional structure for molecular level reinforcement of polymer segments and coils.



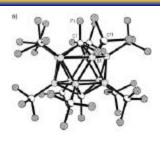
Fluorinated Ball/Nanospheres

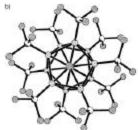




Fluorinated Fullerene (C₆₀F₄₈)

Troyanov, S. I.; Troshin, P. A.; Boltalina, O. V.; loffe, I. N.; Sidorov, L. N.; Kemnitz, E. *Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. Engl.* **2001**, *40*, 2285.





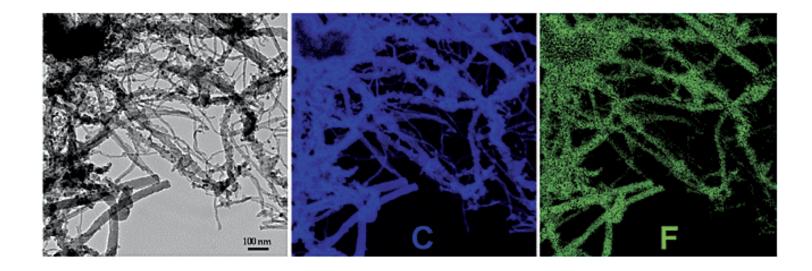
Perfluoro-deca-*B*-methylpara-carborane

Herzog, A; Callahan, R. P.; MacDonald, C. L. B.; Lynch, V. M.; Hawthorne, M. F.; Lagow, R. J. *Angew. Chem., Int. Ed. Engl.* **2001**, *40*, 2121.



NanoTeflons





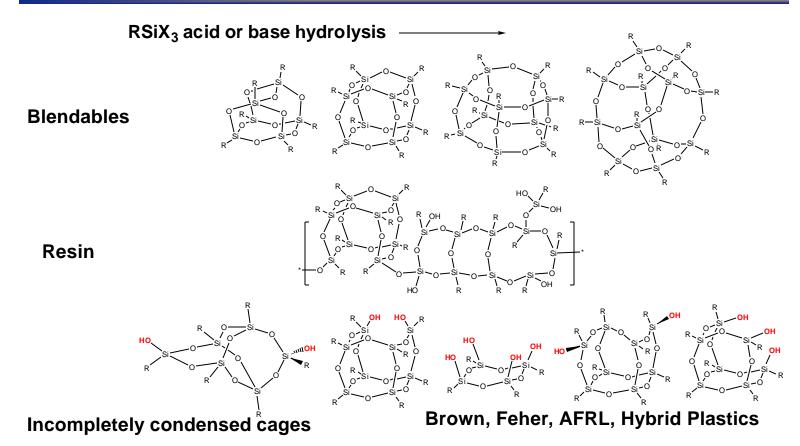
Fluorinated Carbon Nanotubes and Nanofibers

Hayashi, T.; Terrones, M.; Scheu, C.; Kim, Y. A.; Ruhle, M.; Nakajima, T.; Endo, M. *Nano Lett.* **2002**, *2*, 491.



POSS Synthesis







Synthesis using hydrosilylation





Hydrosilylation



Catalyst	Result
Karstedt (Pt)	No Reaction
H ₂ PtCl ₆	No Reaction
RuH ₂ (CO)(PPh ₃) ₃	< 50% Yield
RhCl(PPh ₃) ₃	~ 50% Yield

Yield based on methylene to vinyl proton ratio in ¹H NMR.

9



Hydrosilylation



Yield based on methylene to vinyl proton ratio in ¹H NMR.

H₂PtCl₆ produces quantitative yield at high temperatures with long reaction times in pressure vessel.



Side Reaction



Problem:

Dehydrogenative silylation product also gives vinyl peaks in ¹H NMR spectra



FluoroPOSS Synthesis



$$R_f SiX_3 \xrightarrow{OH^-/H_2O}$$

$$R_f = -CH_2CH_2(CF_2)_nCF_3$$

 $n = 3,5,7$

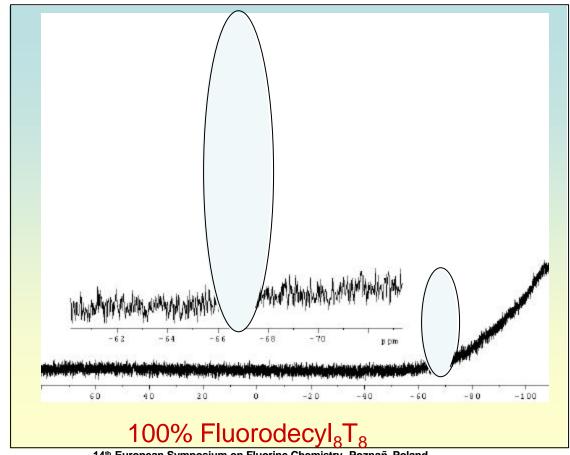
$$\begin{array}{c|c} R & O & R \\ O & O & O \\ R & O & O \\ R & O & O \\ O & Si & O \\ R & R \\ R_{f8}T_{8} \end{array}$$

Cage mixtures can also be obtained by modifying solvent systems.



²⁹Si NMR of Fluorodecyl₈T₈







Isomers of Fluorodecyl_nT_n





3,3,3-Trifluoropropy I_nT_n



$$R = -CH_{2}CH_{2}CF_{3}$$

$$R = -CH_{2}CH_{2}CH_{2}CF_{3}$$

$$R = -CH_{2}CH_{2}CH_{2}CF_{3}$$

$$R = -CH_{2}CH_{2}CH_{2}CH_{2}CF_{3}$$

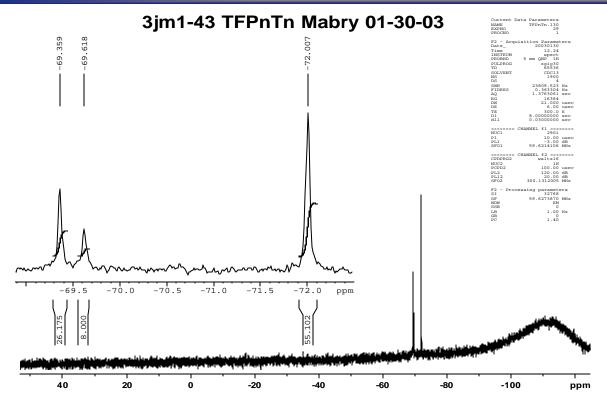
$$R = -CH_{2}CH_{2}CH_{2}CH_{2}CH_{2}$$

$$R = -CH_{2}CH_{2}CH_{2}CH_{2}CH_$$



3,3,3-Trifluoropropy I_nT_n

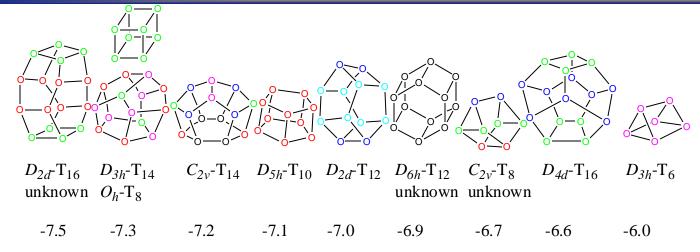






Relative energy per silicon atom (kcal/mol) for the H_nT_n series

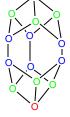




Increasing Stability

For H_nT_n polyhedra Pandey: J. Phys. Chem., 1998, 8704.



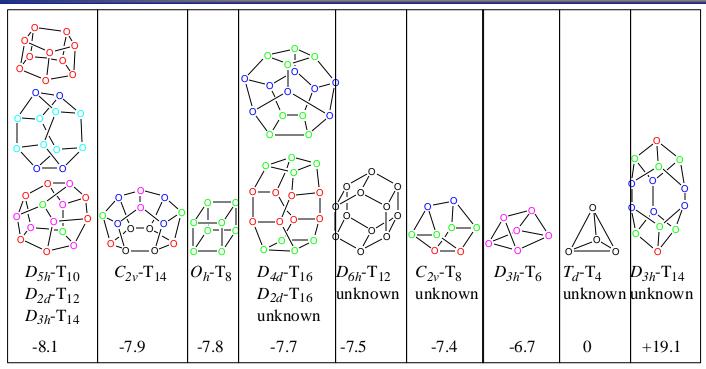


*D*_{3h}T₁₄ unknown +18.4 ???



Relative energy per silicon atom (kcal/mol) for the Methyl_n T_n series



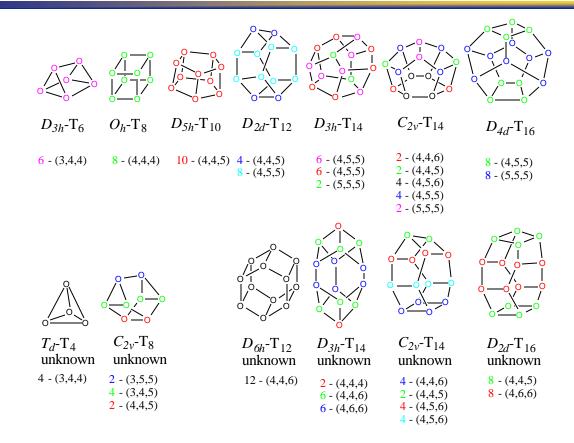


Increasing Stability

For Me_nT_n polyhedra Pandey: J. Phys. Chem., 2002, 1709.

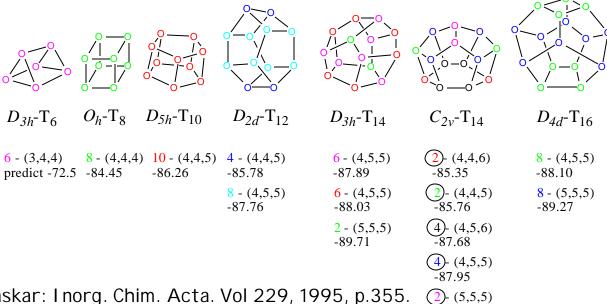
There are $\underline{9}$ possible T_{18} 's. 10-12 isomers are seen by GC-MS



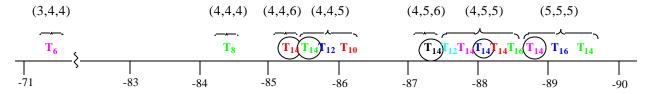


29 Si NMR of H_nT_n :

ne assignment for the T_{16} is likely but not definitive. The T_{6} is unknown



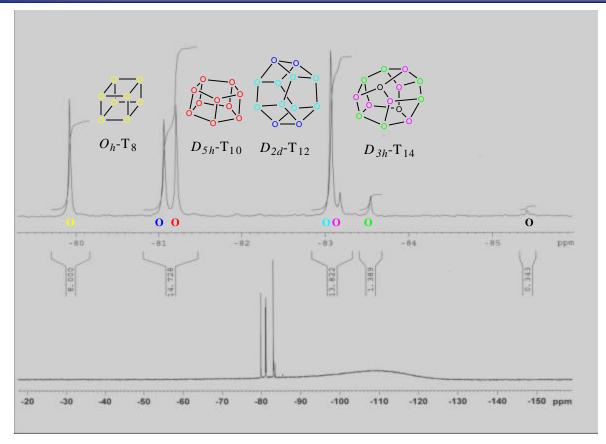
Agaskar: Inorg. Chim. Acta. Vol 229, 1995, p.355. -88.72





²⁹Si NMR Spectrum of Hybrids Vi_nT_n mixture







Fluorodecyl₈T₈



$$R = -CH_2CH_2(CF_2)_7CF_3$$

$$M_W = 3993.54 \text{ g/mol}$$

 $\rho = 1.95 \text{ g/mL (powder)}$

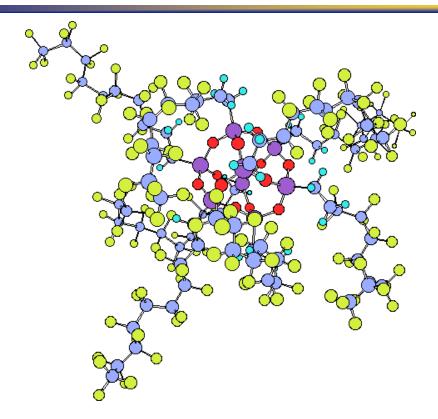
$$(-C_{10}H_4F_{17} = Fluorodecyl)$$

Cage mixtures can also be obtained by modifying solvent systems.



Gas Phase Model of Fluorodecyl₈T₈



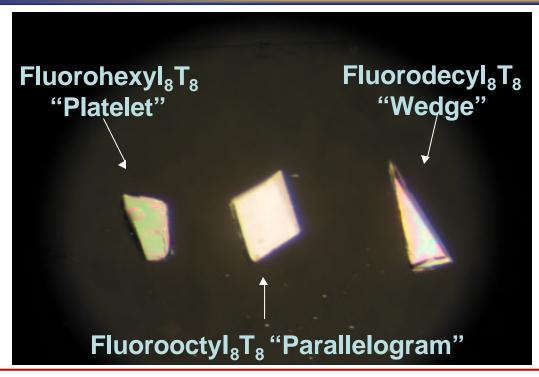


July 15, 2004



FluoroPOSS Crystals



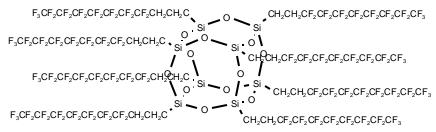


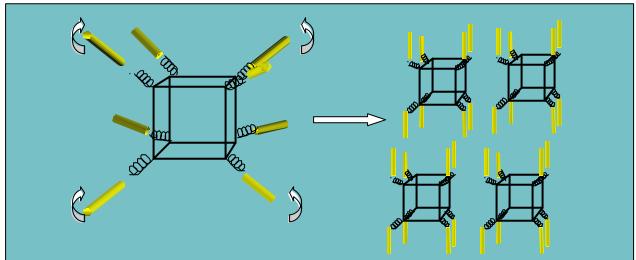
FluoroPOSS compounds crystallize in distinctly different shapes. All structures are triclinic.



Crystal Packing





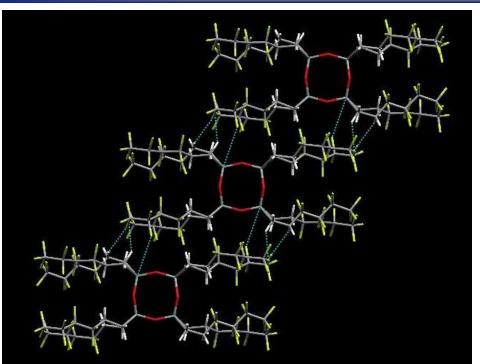


Rigid chains may be expected to extend out in all directions.



Fluorohexyl₈T₈





 ρ = 1.98 g/mL

 $M_{\rm w} = 2393.33 \, {\rm g/mol}$

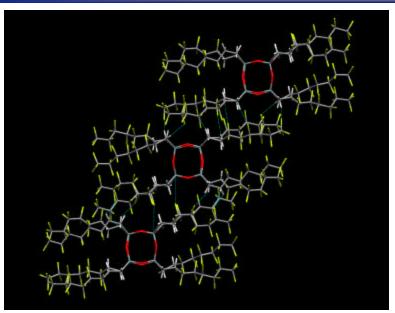
- Both H-F and Si-F contacts lead to the increased packing efficiency.
- Si atoms in POSS cage line up with fluorine atoms on 5th and 6th carbons in adjacent POSS fluorohexyl chains.

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Fluorooctyl₈T₈





 ρ = 2.05 g/mL

 $M_w = 3193.45 \text{ g/mol}$

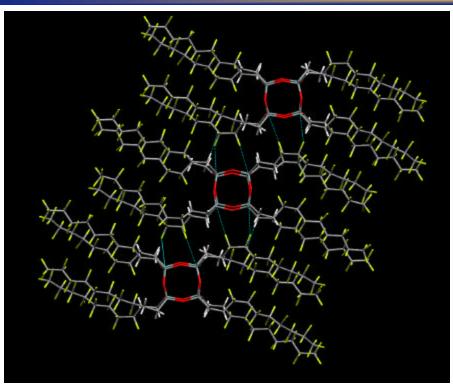
- Longer fluorooctyl chain allows additional H-F contacts on each side of POSS cage.
- Si atoms also line up with fluorine atoms on 5th and 6th carbons in

adjacent fluorooctyl chains.



Fluorodecyl₈T₈





 ρ = 2.09 g/mL

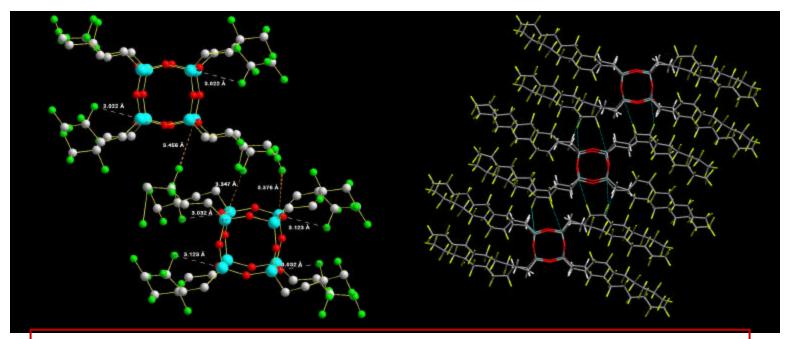
 $M_w = 3993.54 \text{ g/mol}$

- Decreased number of H-F contacts.
- Increased number of Si-F contacts.
- Si atoms in POSS cage line up with fluorine atoms on 3rd and 4th carbons in adjacent POSS fluorodecyl chains.



Fluorodecyl₈T₈



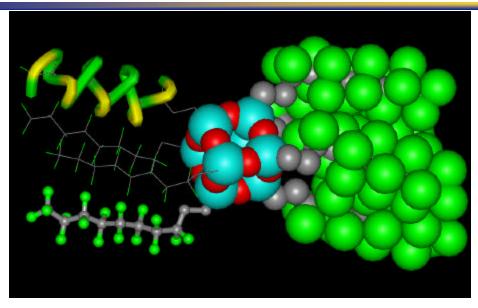


- Si atoms in POSS cage line up with fluorine atoms on 3rd and 4th carbons in adjacent POSS fluorodecyl chains.
- Inter- and intra-molecular Si-F contacts maximize crystal packing.



Teflon-Like Fluorodecyl₈T₈





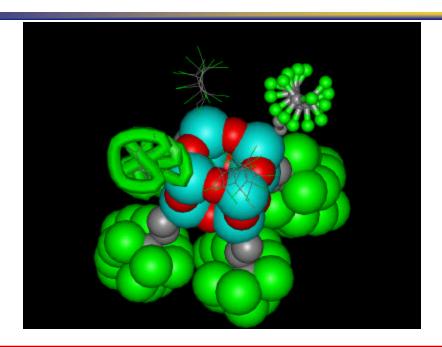
- Free space surrounds fluorophilic core.
- Inter- and intramolecular fluorocarbon chains distances are ~5.2 Å, similar to that of Phase II PTFE at -173 °C.

Holt, D. B.; Farmer, B. L. Polymer 40, 1999, 4673.



Teflon-Like Fluorodecyl₈T₈





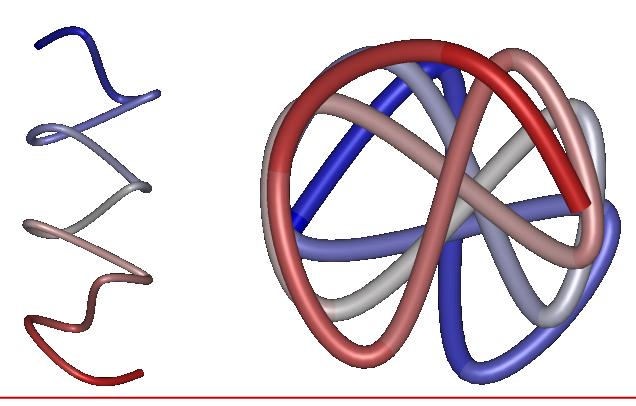
Fluoroalkyl chains have a helix of 7/3.24 (2.16), virtually identical to that of Phase II PTFE at 54/25 (2.16) or 13/6 (2.17).

Holt, D. B.; Farmer, B. L. *Polymer* **40**, *1999*, 4673. Kerbow, D. L. In "Polymer Data Handbook"; Mark, J. E. Ed.; Oxford University Press: New York, NY, 1999, pp 842-847.



Small Molecule vs. Protein X-Ray



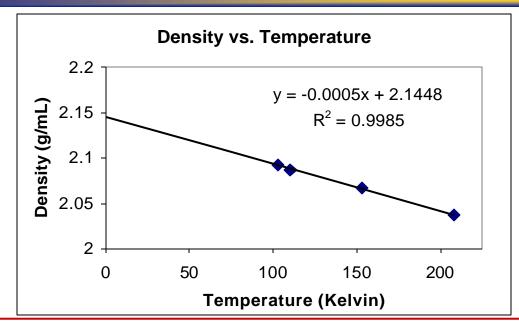


Trace of fluorine atoms on one fluoroalkyl group of Fluorodecyl₈T₈.



Teflon-Like Fluorodecyl₈T₈





- Fluorodecyl₈T₈ density decreases as a rate of 5 x 10⁻⁴ g/mL/K.
- Extrapolated density at absolute zero is 2.145 g/mL.
- Reversible thermal transition between -75 and -80 °C.
- Density lower than PTFE (2.3), probably due to free space in core.



Teflon-Mimicking Summary



Property	Phase II Teflon (below 19 °C)	Fluorodecyl ₈ T ₈
Intermolecular Chain Distance	~5.0 Å	~5.2 Å
Intermolecular Chain Distance	~5.0 Å	~5.2 Å
Chain Helix	54/25 (2.16)	7/3.24 (2.16)
	or 13/6 (2.17)	
Density	2.3 g/mL	2.1 g/mL



Ultrahydrophobic Nanoparticles

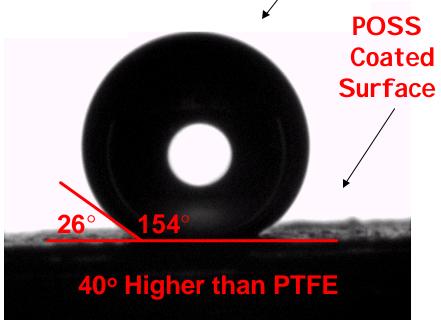


Drop of

 H_2O

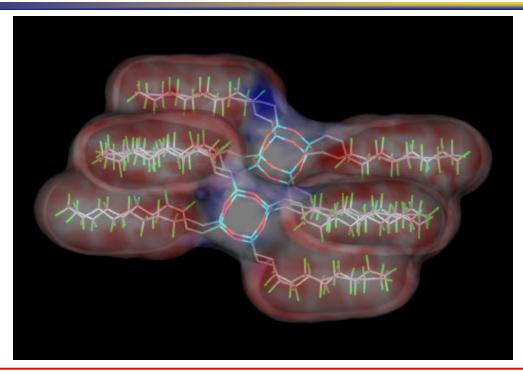
154° Contact Angle

- Ultrahydrophobic
- Improve the surface properties of polymers into which it is blended





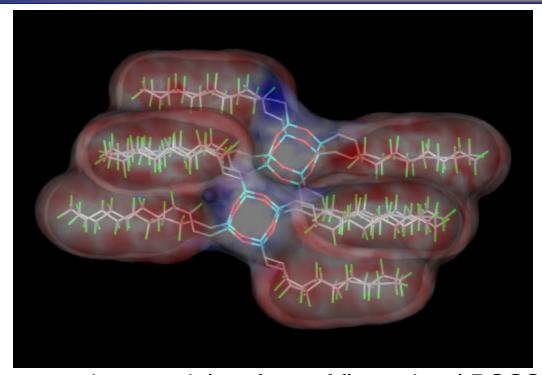




- Electrostatic potential surface of fluorodecyl POSS crystal.
- The surface appears to form a bent conformation.







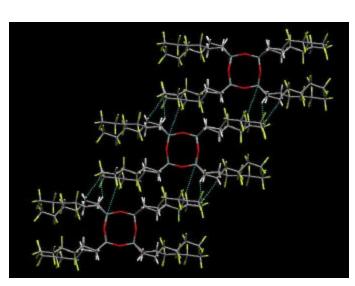
Electrostatic potential surface of fluorodecyl POSS crystal shows the negative area surrounding the fluoroalkyl chains and the positive area surrounding the core.

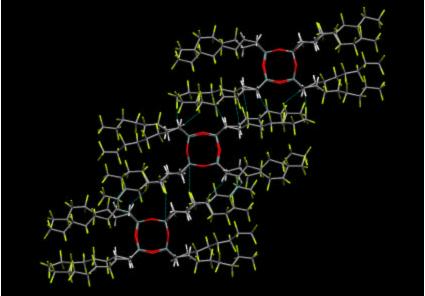
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Fluorohexyl₈T₈ and Fluorooctyl₈T₈







Fluorohexyl₈T₈

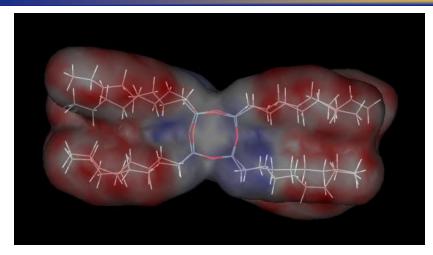
Fluorooctyl₈T₈

- Both H-F and Si-F contacts lead to the increased packing efficiency.
- Si atoms in POSS cage line up with fluorine atoms on 5th and 6th carbons in adjacent POSS fluorohexyl chains.



Fluorooctyl₈T₈ and Fluorohexyl₈T₈





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Fluorooctyl₈T₈

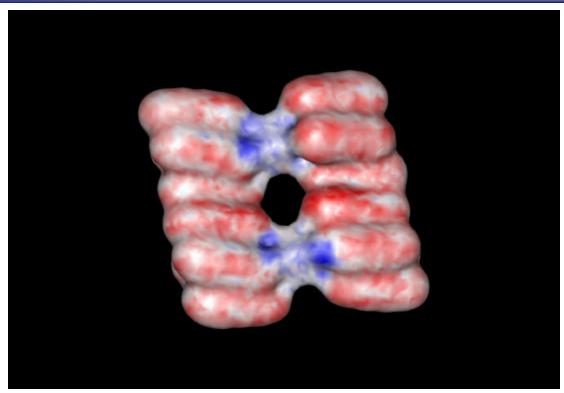
These compounds appear to form a flatter surface than the Fluorodecyl₈T₈.

Fluorohexyl₈T₈



Electrostatic Potential

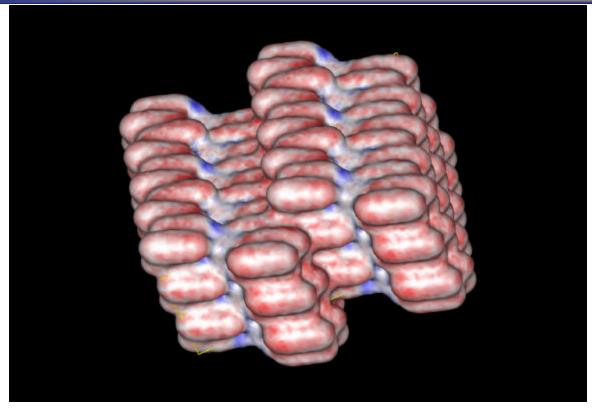




• Unique molecules within unit cell line up together, maximizing fluorine interactions.



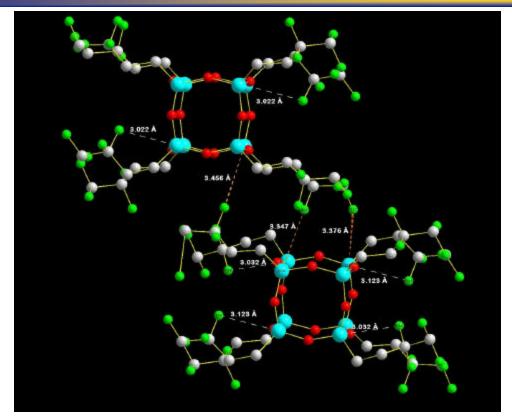




Crystal packing maximizes positive-negative eletrostatic interactions.







Inter- and intra-molecular Si-F contacts maximize crystal packing.



Ultrahydrophobic Nanoparticles

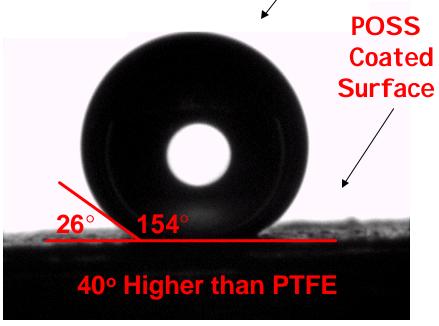


Drop of

 H_2O

154° Contact Angle

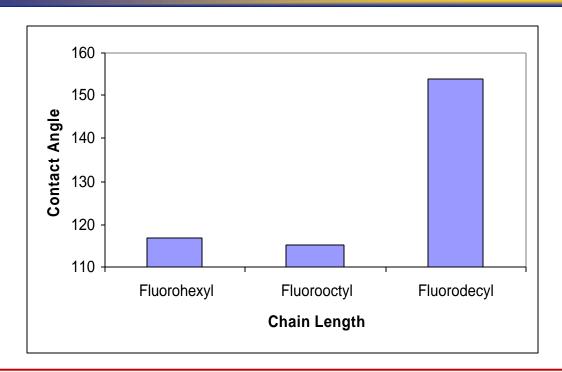
- Ultrahydrophobic
- Improve the surface properties of polymers into which it is blended





FluoroPOSS Contact Angles





- Fluorohexyl and Fluorooctyl POSS have similar water contact angles.
- Fluorodecyl₈T₈ contact angle is much higher.



Possible Cause of Hydrophobicity



- Both surface chemistry and surface roughness contribute to hydrophobicity.
- Surface chemistry is similar for all FluoroPOSS compounds.
- Fluorohexyl and Fluorooctyl POSS have similar water contact angles.
- Fluorodecyl₈T₈ contact angle is much higher.
- Fluorohexyl and Fluorooctyl POSS have much flatter molecular surfaces.
- Fluorodecyl₈T₈ appears to have a rougher surface on a molecular scale.



Density



Compound	Density (g/mL)
• PVDF	1.75-1.78
• PCTFE	2.08-2.19
• FEP	2.12-2.17
• PTFE	2.3-2.7
 Fluoropropyl POSS 	1.59
 Fluorohexyl POSS (crystal) 	1.86 (1.98)
 Fluorooctyl POSS (crystal) 	1.88 (2.05)
 Fluorodecyl POSS (crystal) 	1.95 (2.09)

Blended POSS fluoropolymers have higher than expected densities. This may be due to POSS induced crystallite nucleation.



Conclusions



- Fluorodecyl POSS chains can be viewed as PTFE models.
- Fluorodecyl POSS surface is ultrahydrophobic.
- Hydrophobicity may be caused by surface roughness.
- FluoroPOSS increase hydrophobocity of fluoropolymers into which they are incorporated.



Summary



- Si-F and H-F contacts in crystals maximize packing density.
- Fluorodecyl POSS chains can be viewed as PTFE models.
- Bridges gap between small molecule and protein X-ray diffraction.
- Fluorodecyl POSS surface is ultrahydrophobic.
- FluoroPOSS increase hydrophobocity of fluoropolymers into which they are incorporated.
- FluoroPOSS act as a processing aid during fluoropolymer processing.



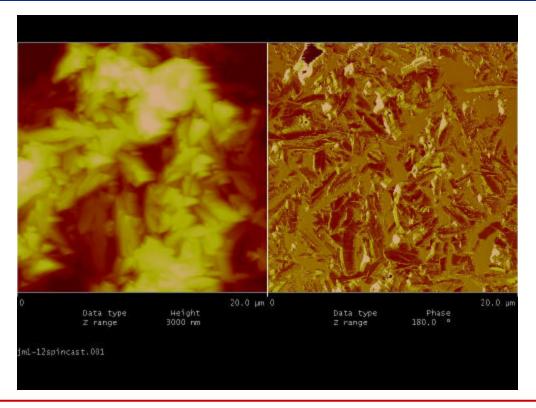


Backup Slides



AFM Image of Spin-Cast Fluorodecyl₈T₈ Surface





AFM image of spin-cast surface shows micron scale roughness.



Water Contact Angles



Polymer	No POSS	FO ₈ T ₈	FD ₈ T ₈
PCTFE	88°	108°	128°
FEP	97°	110°	114°
Amor. FEP	92°	100°	103°

Fluoropropyl POSS (FP _n T _n)	101°
Fluorohexyl POSS (FH ₈ T ₈)	117°
Fluorooctyl POSS (FO ₈ T ₈)	115°
Fluorodecyl POSS (FD ₈ T ₈)	154°



Contact Angle and Chain Length



